## EXECUTING AND REPORTING FINANCIAL MARKET TRANSACTIONS

## **Homework Assignments**

**FINC 620** 

100

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1. T-bill Yield: You paid \$98,000 for a \$100,000 T-bill maturing in 120 days. If you hold it until maturity, what is the T-bill yield? What is the T-bill discount?

The annualized yield from investing in a T-bill  $(Y_T)$  can be determined as

$$\Upsilon_T = \frac{SP - PP}{PP} \times \frac{365}{n}$$

where

SP = selling price

PP = purchase price

n = number of days of the investment (holding period)

$$Y_T = \frac{$100,000 - $98,000}{$98,000} * \frac{365}{120}$$

 $= 6.2075\% \sim 6.21\%$ 

$$Y_d = \frac{P_f - P_0}{P_f} X \frac{360}{n} X 100\%$$

 $y_d = discount yield on annualized basis$ 

 $P_f = face value (amount paid to the investor at maturity)$ 

 $P_0 = purchase price of the Tbill$ 

n = number of days to maturity

T- bill discount = 
$$\frac{$100,000 - $98,000}{$100,000} * \frac{360}{120}$$

= 6%

2. Valuing a zero-coupon bond: Assume the following information for existing zero coupon bonds:

Par value = \$100,000

Maturity = 3 years

Required rate of return by investors = 12%

How much should investors be willing to pay for these bonds? Answer:

$$P = \left(\frac{C}{1+i} + \frac{C}{(1+i)^2} + \dots + \frac{C}{(1+i)^N}\right) + \frac{M}{(1+i)^N}$$

$$= \left(\sum_{n=1}^N \frac{C}{(1+i)^n}\right) + \frac{M}{(1+i)^N}$$

$$= C\left(\frac{1-(1+i)^{-N}}{i}\right) + M(1+i)^{-N}$$

where:

F = face values

i<sub>F</sub> = contractual interest rate

C = F \* i<sub>F</sub> = coupon payment (periodic interest payment)

N = number of payments

i = market interest rate, or required yield, or observed / appropriate yield to maturity

M = value at maturity, usually equals face value

P = market price of bond.

The present value of this bond is \$71,178.0248. The investors will be willing to pay this amount for buying this zero coupon bonds.