

**Continuous Program Improvement (CPI)  
Student Learning Outcomes (SLO)/Program Learning Outcomes (PLO)  
Plan Implementation Report - AY 2023-24**

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|--|-----------------------|
| <b>Program name</b>                      | MS INCS Cybersecurity |
| <b>Expected date of submission</b>       | 6/30/2024             |
| <b>Department chair/program director</b> | Steven Billis         |
| <b>Dean's signature</b>                  |                       |

New York Tech's CPI process is implemented to meet Middle States Commission on Higher Education (MSCHE) Standard V: *Educational Effectiveness Assessment*, which states: "Assessment of student learning and achievement demonstrates that the institution's students have accomplished educational goals consistent with their program of study, degree level, the institution's mission, and appropriate expectations for institutions of higher education."

Each department was asked to create a three-year assessment/evaluation plan to improve student learning for **each of their degree programs** covering the following academic years: **2022-2023, 2023-2024, and 2024-2025**.

All degree programs' three-year Program Learning Outcomes (PLO) plans are available here: [http://www.nyit.edu/planning/academic\\_assessment\\_plans\\_reports](http://www.nyit.edu/planning/academic_assessment_plans_reports)

This is a report on the PLO CPI plan **implementation** for the **2023-24** academic year.

First, please respond to the feedback provided by the CPI Committee in response to your program's prior year (AY 2022-23) CPI plan implementation report. How did you incorporate the Committee's recommendations into your CPI efforts?

Second, please address the following points in this year's (AY 2023-24) report:

1. Program learning outcomes assessed

List the program learning outcomes that were assessed in AY 2023-24 based on your three-year plan (2022-25).  
(Please refer to the [guidelines for articulating expected program learning outcomes](#).)

2. Methods

Describe the method of assessment that you used (student artifacts, sampling methods, sample size, who and how they were assessed, etc.) and attach measurement instruments (e.g., rubrics, exam items, scoring guide for a particular task, supervisor evaluation form, survey instrument, and other measurement tools). Remember: direct assessment is required, and both direct and indirect assessment are strongly recommended.  
(Please refer to the [guidelines for assessment methods](#).)

3. Analyze and interpret assessment data

It is strongly recommended to provide criteria-based analyses of assessment results and based on the analysis to determine if students are meeting the expected learning outcomes.  
(Please refer to the [guidelines for compiling, analyzing and interpreting assessment data](#).)

4. Close the Loop

If the expected program learning outcomes were successfully met, describe how the program will keep or expand the good practices. If they were not successful, explain how you have or will refine the plan and begin the next cycle of [Plan-Do-Study-Act \(PDSA\)](#).  
(Please refer to the [guidelines for closing the loop and taking action to improve program learning outcomes](#).)

5. Describe how faculty were involved in the implementation of the PLO CPI plan and how the results will be communicated to all stakeholders.

**The PLOs of the MS in INCS are:**

1. Identify, formulate, and analyze the patterns and trends of threats as they apply to information systems, including methods, modes of preparation for attack, tactics, logistics, hazards, and vulnerabilities
2. Critically evaluate various technical/architectural solutions available to limit risk, mitigate the effects of hostile action and recover from attack
3. Design, implement and maintain software tools designed to support network security and systematically integrate these tools within multiple operating systems and platforms
4. Oversee the information assurance life cycle of an organization, including planning, acquisition, and implementation of secure infrastructures
5. Ensure compliance with security policy, legislation and market trends
6. Utilize mathematical and algorithmic solutions to complex information security problems
7. A comprehensive knowledge of probability and statistics

The matrix relating PLOs and the graduate INCS courses we will be using is given below:

| <b>Course</b>                      | <b>PLO1</b> | <b>PLO2</b> | <b>PLO3</b> | <b>PLO4</b> | <b>PLO5</b> | <b>PLO6</b> | <b>PLO7</b> |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| CSCI 620 Operating System Security |             |             | •           |             |             |             |             |
| CSCI 651 Algorithm Concepts        |             |             |             |             |             | •           | •           |

|  |   |   |   |   |   |  |   |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| INCS 615 Advanced Network & Internet Security  | • | • |   | • |   |  |   |
| INCS 741 Cryptography                          |   | • |   |   |   |  |   |
| INCS 745 Intrusion Detection & Hacker Exploits | • | • |   |   |   |  |   |
| INCS 870 Project I                             |   | • | • | • | • |  | • |

Timeline for the PLO Assessment

| Program Learning Outcomes  | AY 22-23 | AY23-24 | AY 24-25 |
|--|----------|---------|----------|
| <b>1. Identify, formulate, and analyze the patterns and trends of threats as they apply to information systems, including methods, modes of preparation for attack, tactics, logistics, hazards, and vulnerabilities</b> | •        |         |          |
| <b>2. Critically evaluate various technical/architectural solutions available to limit risk, mitigate the effects of hostile action and recover from attack</b>  | •        |         |          |
| <b>3. Design, implement and maintain software tools designed to support network security and systematically integrate these tools within multiple operating systems and platforms</b>                                    |          | •       |          |
| <b>4. Oversee the information assurance life cycle of an organization, including planning, acquisition, and implementation of secure infrastructure</b>  |          | •       |          |
| <b>5. Ensure compliance with security policy, legislation and market trends</b>  |          | •       |          |
| <b>6. Utilize mathematical and algorithmic solutions to complex information security</b>   |          |         | •        |

|   |  |  |   |
|---|--|--|---|
| <b>problems</b>   |  |  |   |
| <b>7. A comprehensive knowledge of probability and statistics</b> |  |  | • |

To set the context for the program’s assessment activities it is useful to understand the role of this work within the larger institution. New York Tech implemented Continuous Program Improvement (CPI) in 2020 across all academic departments and students support units to improve educational effectiveness. It replaced the Academic Assessment Committee of the Senate. CPI emphasizes a data-informed, decision-making process to guide departments for overall quality improvement that leads to the improvement of students' learning, college experiences, and achievement.

The CPI Committee of the Academic Senate is the institutional unit that brings together all assessment and improvement activities at the university for programs with or without professional accreditation, and for academic departments and student support units. The committee members come from all academic schools and numerous support departments. Its meetings are open, and minutes are posted on the web site of the Academic Senate.

The Committee’s mission is to:

- Raise the visibility of CPI for educational effectiveness assessment within the university
- Maintain a common, unified, mission-driven process
- Improve educational effectiveness by increasing faculty participation in and knowledge of science of improvement
- Prepare a formal annual report on the status of assessment at the university, including recommendations for improvement
- Ensure that the Continuous Program Improvement (CPI) process is used to advance New York Tech's mission and goals and connected with financial planning and support
- Periodically evaluate (CPI) process and make recommendations for improvements

NYIT's model for the assessment of student learning in its academic programs is designed according to the following principles:

- Program faculty are responsible for assessing the student learning outcomes of their program.
- Assessment activities should be useful, annual, and integrated as much as possible into what faculty are already doing.

- Faculty define the most important learning outcomes, set standards of performance, and measure achievement.
- Results are used to make program improvements.
- The CPI Committee of the Academic Senate provides institutional oversight.
- The offices of the Provost and the Vice President for Research, Assessment and Decision Support provide institutional support.

At NYIT’s College of Engineering and Computing Sciences, each program has a multidimensional assessment process in place to ensure that the Student Outcomes have been attained. It is a process that provides data to support continuous program improvement.

To ensure that students achieve student outcomes 1 to 7, the faculty has built the curriculum such that key concepts are introduced, developed, and reinforced throughout students’ time in the program.

In both fall and spring semesters, CS/INCS faculty members prepare a Faculty Course Assessment Report (FCAR) for each course they teach. The FCAR requires:

- The FT faculty members of the department have met previously, as a group, to determine the relationship between the SOs and the INCS program’s required and elective courses.
- The FT or adjunct faculty teaching a specific course is required to establish appropriate performance tasks (APTs) to assess to what extent each PLO is being met. These APTs may be quizzes, exam questions, reports, projects, presentations, etc.
- Each student's APT is then scored with the method shown below to create an EGMU vector for each PLO and a corresponding assessment metric. It should be noted that the faculty member is required to show which part of each APT is being used to form a metric for the student outcome with appropriate documentation.

| EGMU        |   | Score |
|-------------|---|-------|
| E-Excellent | Fully demonstrates/accomplishes the attributes and behavior in the rubric | 3     |

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| G-Good           | Mostly demonstrates/accomplishes the attributes and behavior in the rubric    | 2 |
| M-Minimal        | Minimally demonstrates/accomplishes the attributes and behavior in the rubric | 1 |
| U-Unsatisfactory | Does not demonstrates/accomplishes the attributes and behavior in the rubric  | 0 |

These course-embedded assessments serve as the primary tools to determine student outcome achievement and afford a direct link between learning outcomes and student outcomes as one aspect of curriculum change. The data from FCARs are then evaluated at the spring Faculty Assessment meetings. At these meetings all full-time faculty members and those regular part-time faculty members wishing to participate identify and propose strategies to improve Program Learning Outcomes.

While many courses may satisfy a particular outcome, the assessment committee has picked a subset of these courses that it finds most appropriate to determine the minimum metric for each outcome.

The recommendations of the assessment committee meetings are generally of two types: One set of recommendations can be implemented solely through the faculty member making internal changes to the courses (i.e., textbook changes, pedagogical changes). The other set of recommendations would need to be forwarded to the curriculum committees of the College of Engineering and Computing Sciences and then to the Academic Senate for adoption (i.e., new course, prerequisite/co-requisite changes, catalog description).

We have found that each of our assessment tools must be used in conjunction with one another if we are to undertake changes that are meaningful.

### **AY 22-23**

**PL02:** To assess this PLO the department chose:

INCS 741 Cryptography

- Students were evaluated on their ability to propose of security. **EGMU 2.45**

INCS 745 Intrusion Detection and Hacker Exploits

- Students were evaluated on their ability to detect common hacking and evasion techniques. **EGMU 2.55**

**PLO1:** To assess this PLO the department chose:

INCS 745 Intrusion Detection and Hacker Exploits

- Students demonstrated their ability to evaluate methods used by hackers that include reconnaissance techniques, system scanning, and gaining system access by network and application-level attacks, as well as denial of service attacks. **EGMU 2.55**

INCS 615 Advanced Network and Internet Security

- Students were evaluated on their ability to design secure computer networks with an understanding of weaknesses in the design of network infrastructure and security flaws in network protocols. **EGMU 2.45**

**AY 23-24**

**PLO3:** To assess this outcome the department chose:

CSCI 620 Operating System Security

- Students were tested on the topic of file security **EGMU 2.65**

**PLO4:** To assess the outcome the department chose:

INCS 615 Advanced Network and Internet Security

- Students were tested on security issues in IPSEC, SSL/ TLS and the SSH protocol. **EGMU 2.35**



**PL05:** To assess this outcome the department chose:

INCS 870 Project Design I

- Student projects had to ensure compliance with security policy, legislation and market trends **EGMU 2.15**

### **AY 24-25**

**PL06:** To assess the outcome the department chose:

CSCI 651 Algorithm Concepts

- Students are tested on their ability to utilize algorithm concepts for security applications **EGMU 2.35**

**PL07:** To assess this outcome the department chose:

CSCI 651 Algorithm Concepts

- Students were tested on probability and statistics **EGMU 2.65**

### **Closing the Loop**

The faculty found that they could improve these EGMUs by spending more time on:

INCS 870 Design Project I Mandate that project portfolios contains a section to ensure compliance with security policy and relevant legislation

All CS/INCS full-time and adjunct faculty were involved in this exercise and the resulting report will be made

available to our stakeholders (industrial board members (at IAB meetings), students and administration).